

Developing British Columbia's Drought Response Plan



Celine Davis

Manager, Science and Adaptation

Ministry of Environment

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Presentation Overview

- Why Develop a Plan
- Purpose of the Plan
- The Process
- What we have heard
- Proposed Plan
- Next Steps







Why Develop a Plan



- Post-drought feedback = earlier communication + clear response plan
- Need information/data to help manage drought
- Current actions tend to be more reactive than proactive



Purpose of Plan

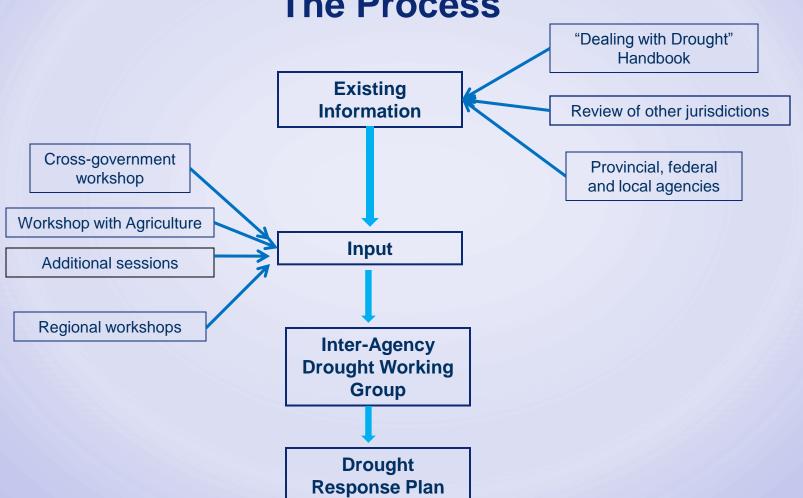


- Provides information
- Operational plan that outlines responsibilities at provincial and local level
- Recommends activities for water licensees and communities



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The Process





- Watershed planning and management
- Monitoring
- Water conservation
- Land Use Planning
- Irrigation efficiency
- Crop management options
- Water use and storage
- Communication







Level	Conditions	Significance	Objective	Target
1 (Green)	Normal Conditions	There is sufficient water to meet human and ecosystem needs	Preparedness	Ongoing reductions in community water use
2 (Yellow)	Dry Conditions	First indications of a potential water supply problem	Voluntary conservation	Minimum 10% reduction
3 (Orange)	Very Dry Conditions	Potentially serious ecosystem or socioeconomic impacts are possible	Voluntary conservation and restrictions	Minimum additional 20% reduction
4 (Red)	Extremely Dry Conditions	Water supply insufficient to meet socio-economic and ecosystem needs	Voluntary conservation, restrictions and regulatory response	Maximum reduction
Loss of Supply		Potential loss of a community's potable or fire fighting supply	Emergency response	Ensure health and safety



Drought Indicators

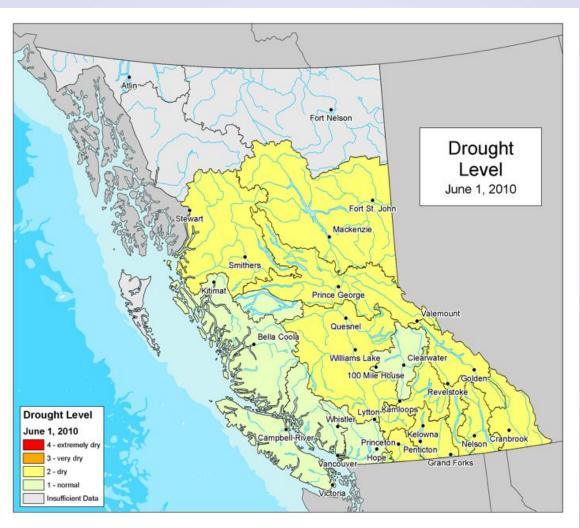
- Pre-Drought Season
 - Basin Snow Indices
 - Seasonal Volume Runoff Forecasts
 - Precipitation Information
- Drought Season
 - 7-Day Average Streamflow
 - o Precipitation Information
 - Wildfire Danger Class Ratings
 - Aquifer levels where available





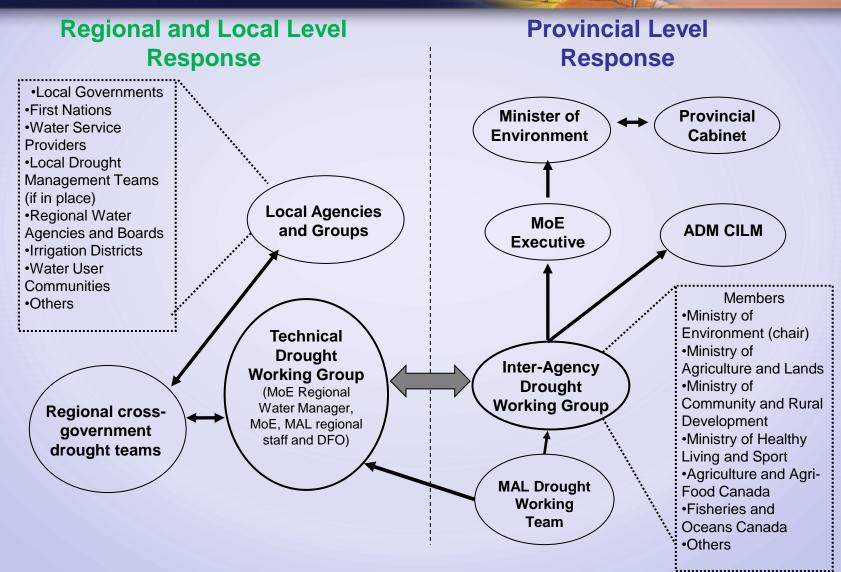
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Drought Levels Information





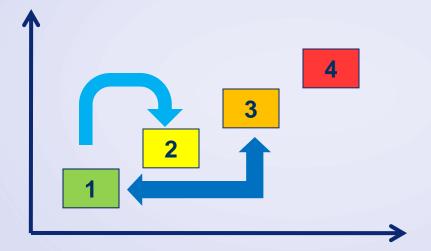
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Moving from One Drought Response Level to Another

Levels and Related Local and Provincial Actions



Communication





- Level 1 Normal Conditions
 - monitor streamflows and snowpack conditions; provide regular online updates
 - prepare and update factsheets, guidelines and policies to aid agricultural producers
 - implement water conservation programs; continuously improve water use efficiency



Examples of Drought Response Actions

- Level 2 Dry Conditions
 - issue province-wide news release and targeted news releases
 - where appropriate, advise agricultural producers to take early actions
 - use direct and indirect communications to request water licensees voluntarily work together, conserve, share water and consider in-stream needs;
 - increase monitoring effort





- Level 3 Very Dry Conditions
 - intensify communication efforts
 - encourage conservation, provide updates
 - advise high volume water licensees and request that they implement voluntary conservation measures
 - local governments implement next stage watering restrictions to achieve targeted reduction in water use; enforce compliance through bylaws





- Level 4 Extremely Dry Conditions
 - increase frequency of communication by all levels of government and water suppliers
 - continue to issue information bulletins to all stakeholders
 - implement regulatory controls under the Water Act, Fish Protection Act or other statutes as appropriate if voluntary measures are not enough to protect water users and fish
 - provide assistance to communities seeking alternative or temporary water supplies





Next Steps

- Drought Response Plan is now available on livingwatersmart.ca
- Complete stakeholder input report by end of August 2010
- Email to drought workshop participants to let them know about the reports
- Living document that will be updated after the season (in late fall)