

FLOOD AND DROUGHT PLANNING COMMITTEE

2016 – March 2021



Term 9: 2019-2021

MEMBERS	
Chair: Scott Boswell - OCCP	Brittany Lange - RDCO
Lorne Davies - BCWF	Kellie Garcia - OBWB
Ryan Whitehouse - FLNRORD	Danika Dudzik - RDCO
Luke Dempsey - City of Kelowna	Robinson Puche - City of Kelowna
Janelle Taylor- RDCO	

OBJECTIVES

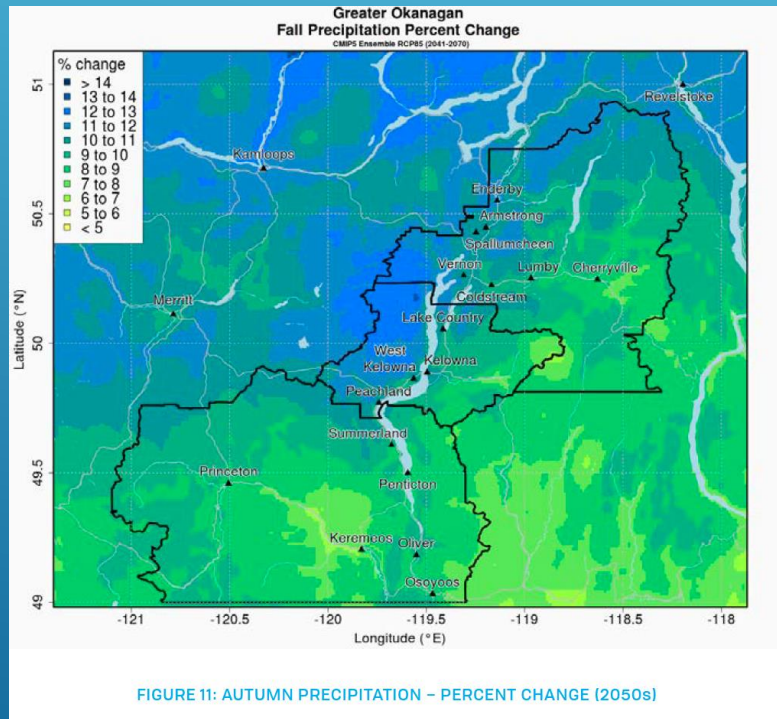
The overall goal is to improve the resiliency for our communities in planning for droughts and flooding.

The objectives of the committee include:

- Improving communications of flood and drought issues for all levels of government
- Identifying funding opportunities to support drought and floodplain planning
- Support the development and the consistency for drought and flood management plans throughout the region

ISSUES

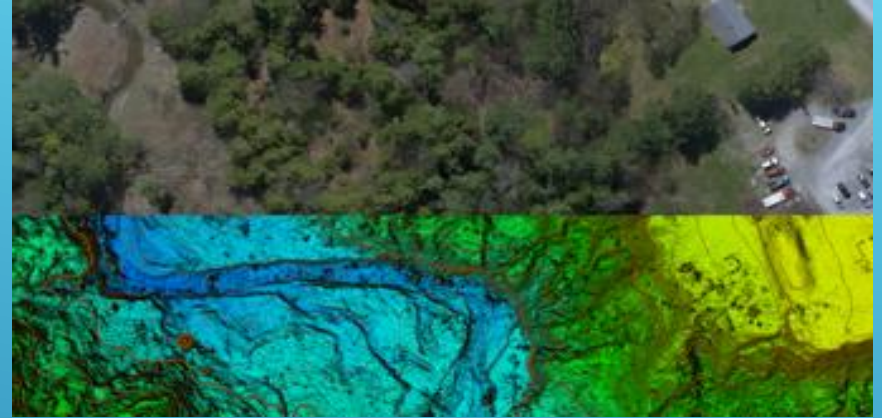
- ▶ 2016 Lack of Floodplain Management Plans
- ▶ A lack of a coordinated approach for Flood Planning



- An increase in the frequency and magnitude of flooding events due to Climate Change

Percentage increases in fall precipitation

OUTCOMES



- ▶ Gap analysis identified a need for new floodplain mapping.
- ▶ Coordination among local governments and Sylix and Spatsin communities for LIDAR collection and floodplain mapping.
- ▶ The Flood Story Website - A Public flood planning tool
- ▶ Workshops – Sharing information with Industry and the Public

POLICY COMMITTEE

2019-2021

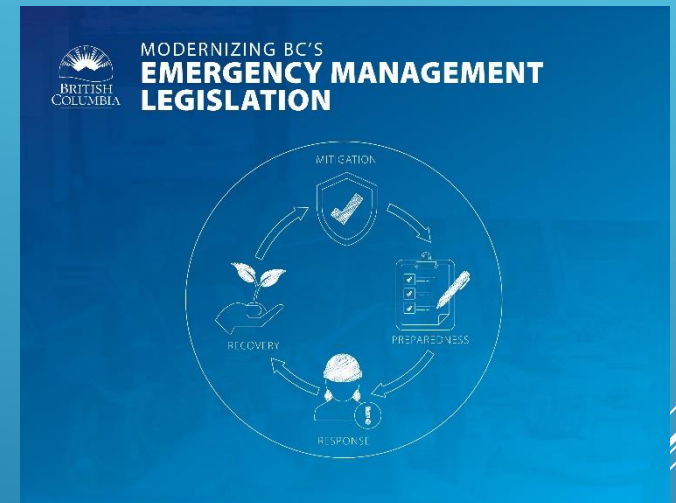


Term 9: 2019-2021

MEMBERS	
Chair: Brian Guy - CWRA	Marta Green - BC Ground Water Association
Bernie Bauer - UBCO	Bob Hrasko - BMID
Rob Birtles – Interior Health Authority	Nelson Jatel - OBWB
Hans Buchler – BC Agriculture Council	Denise Neilsen - OBWB
Renee Clark – Independent	Several non-Council members for specific issues
Craig Nichol - UBCO	

MISSION

- To help OBWB influence legislation and policy at other levels of government - on issues that are relevant to OBWB's mandate



HOW DO WE DO THIS?

Reactively:

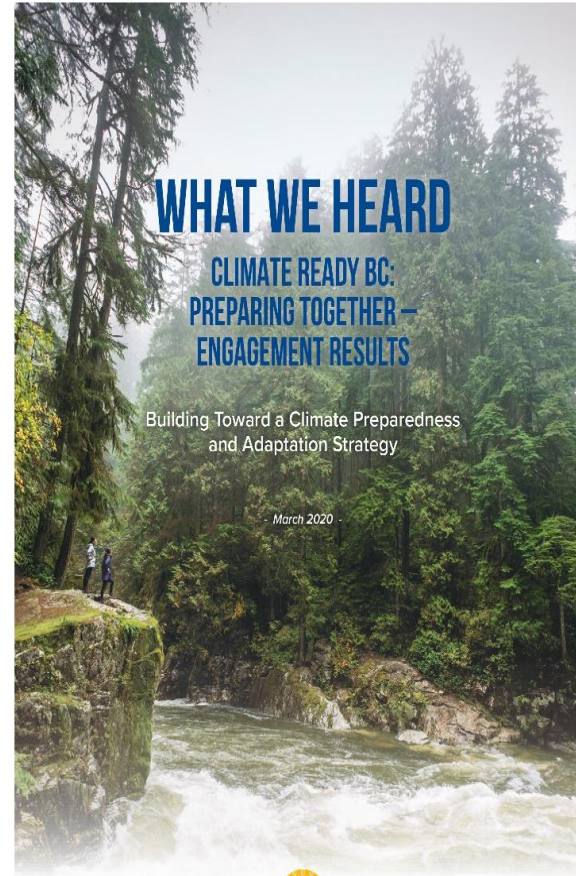
- ▶ By responding to requests from other governments for feedback on proposed legislation or policy.

Proactively:

- ▶ By seeking opportunities to influence governments that have responsibilities for Okanagan water.

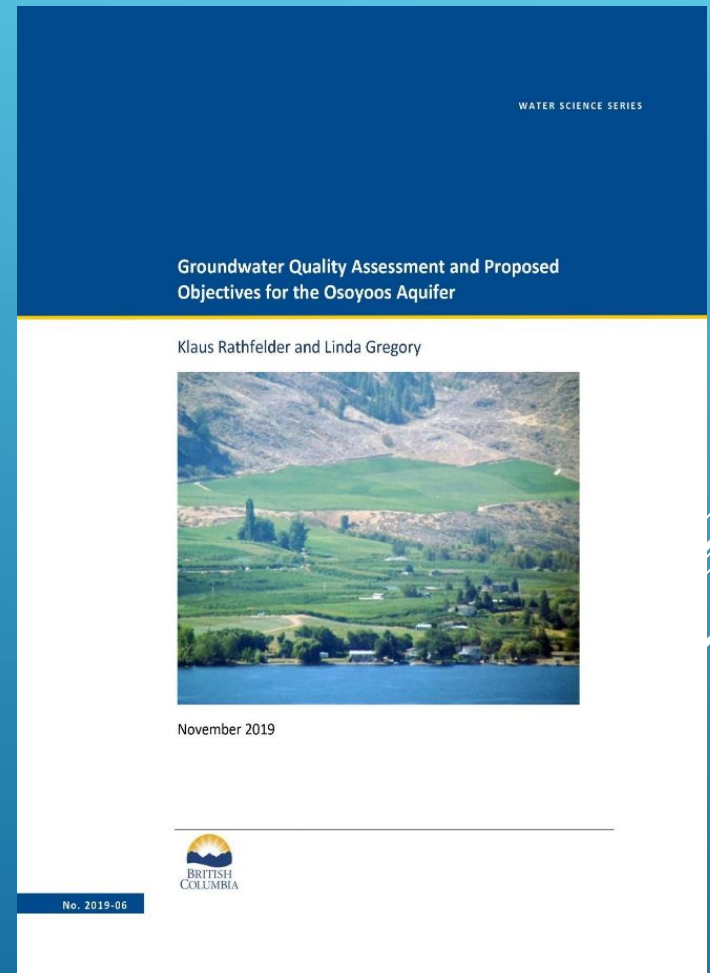
TERM 9 ISSUES ADDRESSED

- ▶ Livestock watering regulations
- ▶ BC wetland policy
- ▶ Agricultural waste control regulations
- ▶ Modernizing the Emergency Program Act
- ▶ Osoyoos aquifer water quality objectives
- ▶ BC climate adaptation strategy
- ▶ Source drinking water quality guidelines
- ▶ Canada Water Agency



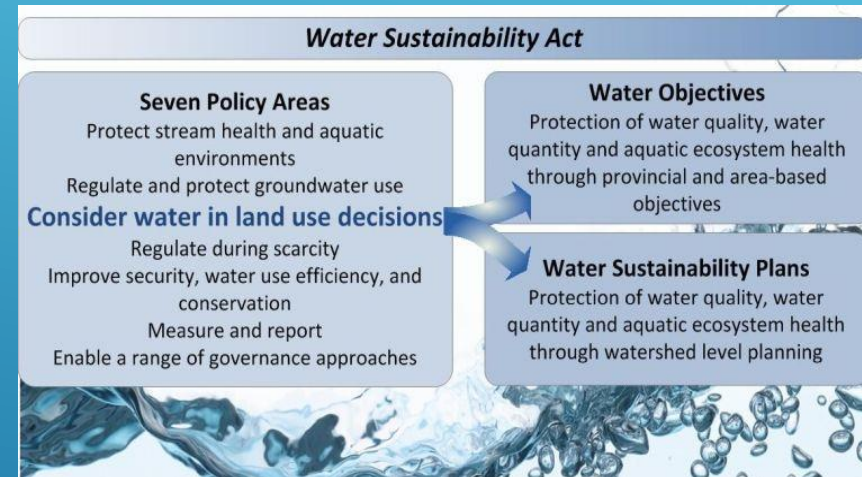
OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS IN TERM 9

- ▶ UNDRIP/TRC recommendations to OBWB
- ▶ Data management:
 - ▶ Overcoming barriers to use of satellite-derived data.
 - ▶ Preserving access to research datasets.
- ▶ Advice to province on Water Sustainability Act implementation.



NEXT STEPS

- ▶ Continue to help OBWB influence other levels of government – both reactively and proactively
- ▶ Some ongoing and new Issues:
 - ▶ Water Sustainability Act implementation
 - ▶ Data (satellite-derived data, and research datasets)
 - ▶ GeoBC: strategic advice on moving from the current survey datum to a new one
 - ▶ Environmental indicators



AGRICULTURE AND WATER COMMITTEE

2019-2021



Term 9: 2019-2021

MEMBERS	
Chair: Kirsten Hannam – AAFC	Rod MacLean – City of Kelowna
Co-Chair: Bruce Naka – IIA BC	Nelson Jatel - OBWB
Adrian Arts – Independent	Jennifer Miles - RDCO
Hans Buchler - BC Agr. Council	Andrew Petersen – Ministry of Agriculture
Lorraine Bennest – Independent	Stephanie Tam – Ministry of Agriculture
Bob Hrasko - BMID	Ted Van der Gulik – Partnership for Water Sustainability
Glen Lucas - BC Fruit Growers Association	Tony Zannotto - Okanagan Shuswap Natural Resource District
Dawn Machin - ONA	Denise Neilsen - OBWB

OBJECTIVES

- ▶ **Clarify process for obtaining groundwater licenses under the Water Sustainability Act**
- Establish steps for developing Agriculture Water Reserves as part of Water Sustainability Planning under the Water Sustainability Act.
- Clarify the requirements of the Agricultural Environmental Management Code of Practice as it pertains to agricultural producers in the Okanagan Valley.
- Continue to promote efficient irrigation practices through education and technical transfer.

KEY FINDINGS

- ▶ Only ~20% of the expected applications have been received; of these, only ~30% have been granted
- ▶ Ground and surface water license allocations are not calculated for a sprinkler-irrigated forage crop; instead, water is 'licensed to use'.
- ▶ Common reasons for processing delays include:
 - i. disagreements over how much water should be allocated.
 - ii. insufficient documentation
 - iii. the requirement to abandon surface water licenses.



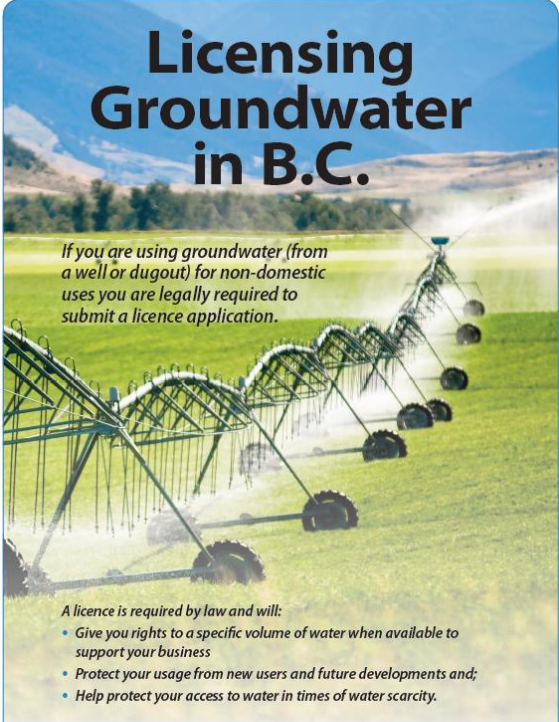
KEY FINDINGS

- ▶ No single, publicly available document has been developed to provide policy and procedural guidance to Water Authorization Officers.
- ▶ After March 1, 2022, the lack of a groundwater license may have significant consequences for existing groundwater users, including a loss in property value.
- ▶ The province has no plans for additional enforcement after the March 1, 2022 deadline.



OUTCOMES

- ▶ A 'state of knowledge' paper on groundwater licensing in BC is in preparation. Discussion topics include:
 - Why should groundwater users apply for a license before March 1, 2022?
 - What is involved with applying for a groundwater license?
 - What are the most common reasons that applications are delayed?
 - What are some reasons for 'groundwater licensing hesitancy'?
 - What are some ways to accelerate this process?



Licensing Groundwater in B.C.


If you are using groundwater (from a well or dugout) for non-domestic uses you are legally required to submit a licence application.

A licence is required by law and will:

- Give you rights to a specific volume of water when available to support your business
- Protect your usage from new users and future developments and;
- Help protect your access to water in times of water scarcity.

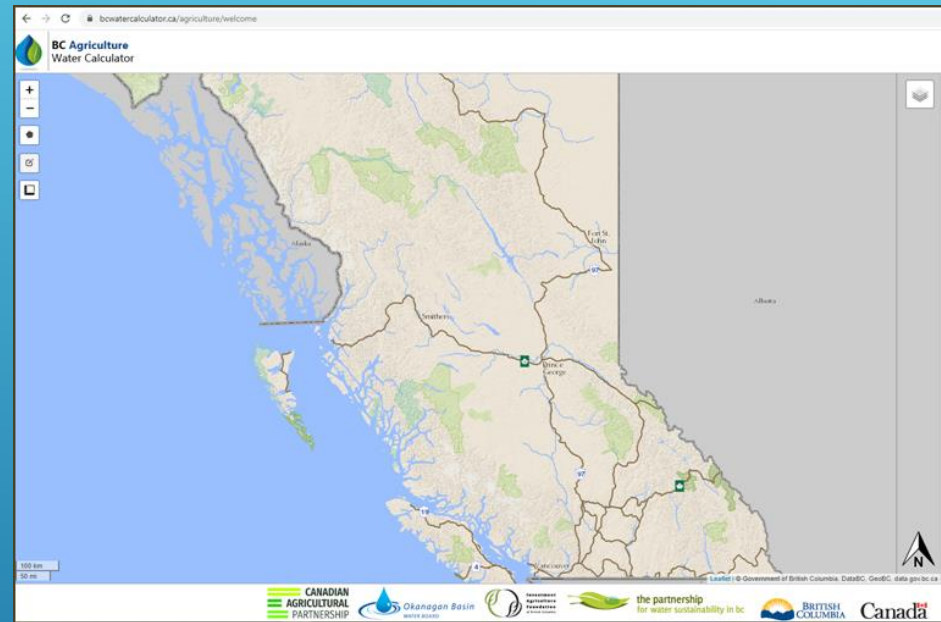
To start your application visit:
www.frontcounterbc.ca or in person at:
FrontCounter BC
1902 Theatre Road
Cranbrook, B.C.

Or contact FrontCounter BC at:
T: 1 250 426-1766
E: FrontCounterBC@gov.bc.ca
For more information visit:
www.gov.bc.ca/water

 BRITISH COLUMBIA

NEXT STEPS

- ▶ Projects under consideration for Term 10 include:
 - i. re-investment in sector-specific irrigation workshops.
 - ii. development of drought-management tool for agriculture.
 - iii. analysis of historic patterns of irrigation water use.



DAMS AND RESERVOIRS COMMITTEE

2019-2021



Term 9: 2019-2021

MEMBERS

Co-Chair: Bernard Bauer – UBCO

Toby Pike - formerly w. SEKID

Co-Chair: Bob Hrasko – BMID

Don Dobson - Dobson Consulting

Tricia Brett - RDNO (FLNRORD)

Mike Noseworthy – FLNRORD

Mike Nolan - KWL Consultants

Shaun Reimer – FLNRORD

Rod MacLean - City of Kelowna

Hans Buchler - BC Agr. Council

Dwayne Tannant - UBC Okanagan

Alf Leake - BC Hydro

INTRODUCTION

Mandate

To review the current state and future direction of dam and reservoir management in the Okanagan.

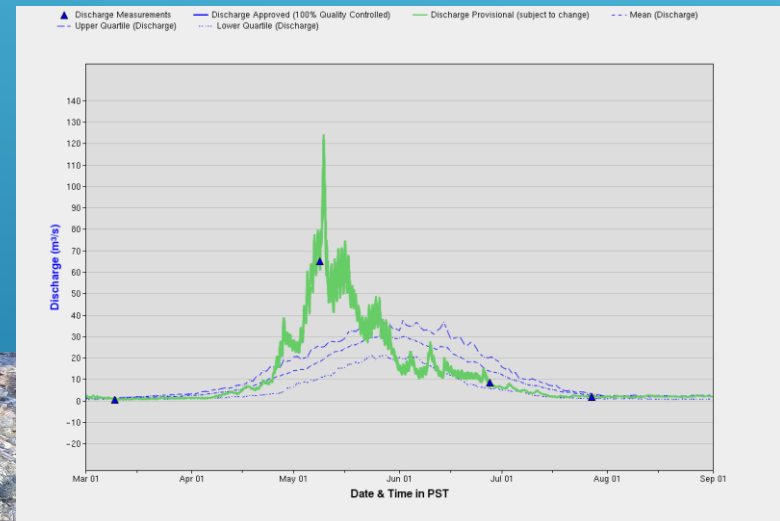
Timelines

- ▶ Established - April, 2018 (start of Term 8)
- ▶ Terms of Reference & Work Plan - September 2018
- ▶ SWOT Workshop – November, 2018
- ▶ Meetings and online discussions – 2018-2020
- ▶ Deliverables – spring 2021
- ▶ Dissolution – March, 2021 (end of Term 9)



ISSUES ... a mouthful in a nutshell

The fundamental challenge facing all dam owners, managers, and regulators in the Okanagan is to facilitate a smooth and seamless transitioning from an immutable past to an uncertain future given that we presently live amidst a complex array of ever-changing financial, regulatory, and knowledge constraints as well as shifting climatic conditions and socio-cultural norms.



SCOPE

- ▶ Limited to matters within purview of OBWB (recommendations to OBWB, not Province).
- ▶ Mid- to upper-elevation dams and reservoirs (not main-stem lake system).



DELIVERABLES

- ▶ FAQs and FACTS on Dams & Reservoirs in the Okanagan.
- ▶ Okanagan Dams and Reservoirs – Past, Present, and Future
A White Paper on Issues, Concerns and Recommendations for Dam & Reservoir Management in the Okanagan Region.
- ▶ Spreadsheet of Water Licences with Storage (as of March, 2021).
- ▶ Compendium of References/Documents/Reports.

* all to be posted to the OBWB website.

REGULATORY ASPECTS

Testalinden Creek 2010

Dams are regulated under the Water Sustainability Act (WSA) in two ways:

- (1) a licence must be authorized to allow diversion and storage of water;
- (2) dam design, construction, maintenance, and operation must adhere to the Dam Safety Regulation (DSR).



BY THE NUMBERS

Failure Consequence Class	Regulated Dams Subtotal	Unregulated Dams Subtotal	Dams Total
Extreme	6	0	6
Very High	32	0	32
High	41	0	41
Significant	45	3	48
Low	49	28	77
Unclassified		1	1
Dam Totals	173	32	205

Total Licensed Storage Volume

161×10^3 ML (226×10^3 ML; Dobson, 2008)

Another 64 are 'listed' + unknown #

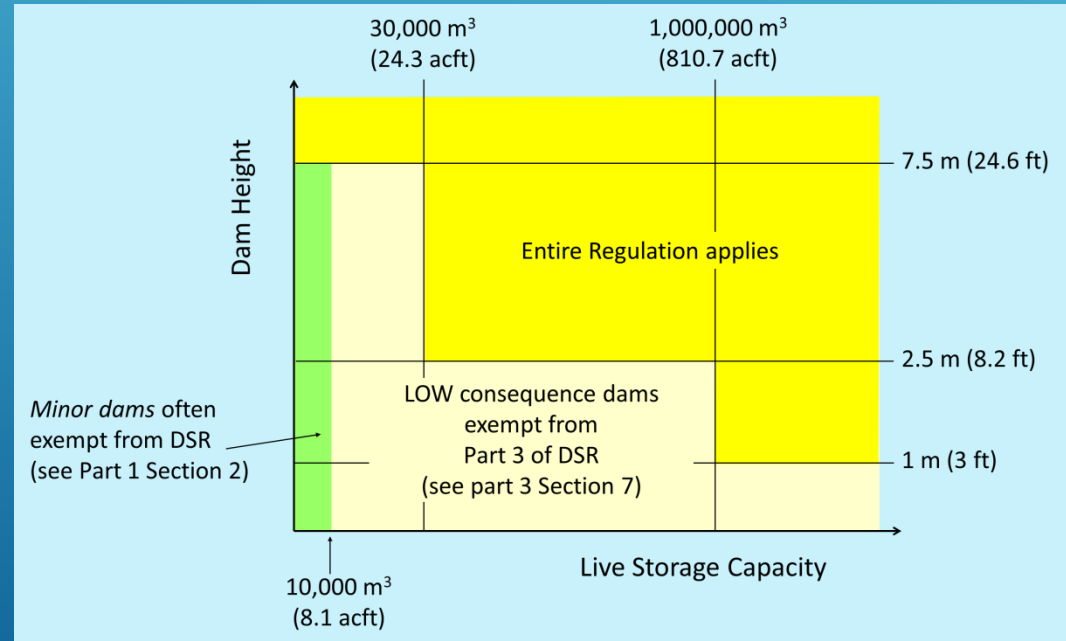
Estimated Annual Storage

133×10^3 ML

Unused/Undeveloped Capacity

20% (40%)

BC Dam Safety Regulation

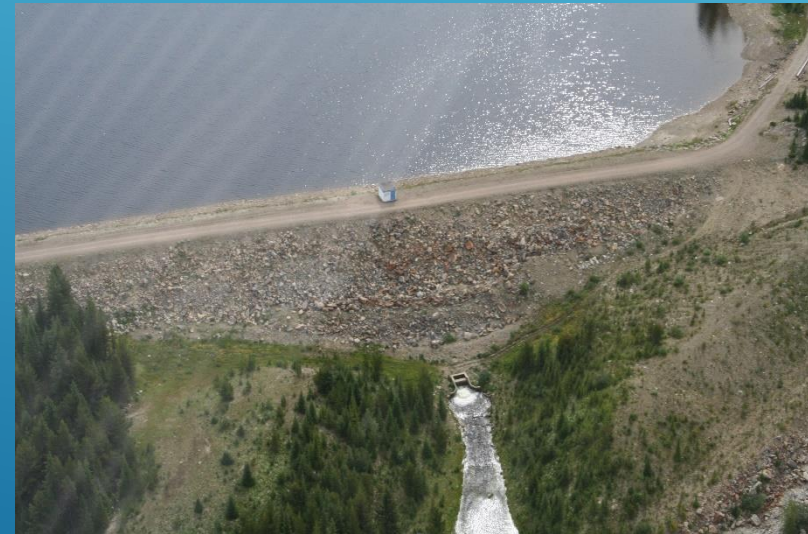


KEY FINDINGS & FUTURE CHALLENGES

- ▶ Dam ownership and management is increasingly complex
 - Stricter regulations and enforcement.
 - Downstream development may lead to reclassification (failure consequence class).
 - Shifting social norms and attitudes (e.g., environmental dimensions).
- ▶ Dams and reservoirs are increasingly expensive to operate and maintain
 - Historical legacy issues associated with aging infrastructure
 - fiscal plans for infrastructure reinvestment are uncommon or deferred
 - few cost-sharing opportunities.
- ▶ Changing climate and land-use patterns are influencing hydrologic runoff regime
- ▶ Increasing water demand from population growth and agricultural expansion
 - Should storage capacity be increased, or do we live within our means?
- ▶ First Nations (socio-cultural; governance) and environmental considerations are increasingly important

RECOMMENDATIONS

Read the White Paper!!!



- The OBWB should ***initiate and lead (with local and provincial governments) discussions with the goal of exploring and implementing financial mechanisms in support of long-term infrastructure maintenance and sustainable dam and reservoir operations.***
- The OBWB should continue to ***lobby the provincial and federal governments to expand regional capacity for measuring and modeling hydro-climatic trends into the near and distant future.***
- The OBWB should ***encourage, commission, and co-sponsor a range of scientific and technical studies focused on the future role of dams and reservoirs within a valley-wide water management strategy*** that also considers, for example, water conservation, environmental flows, and zoning by-laws.
- The OBWB should ***collaborate with local Indigenous Peoples*** in hopes of incorporating their perspectives and needs into a valley-wide reservoir management strategy with targeted solution that properly recognizes the contextual nuances of dams owned by First Nations.
- OBWB should ***collaborate with local governments and the Province to explore possible mechanisms to achieve efficiencies and economies of scale associated with coordinated reservoir operation*** under a 'one operator' model for sub-watersheds that have multiple dam owners.
- The OBWB should ***collaborate with the Province and water industry organizations to address evident gaps in existing outreach (education) programs*** offered by a range of national and international organizations.
- The OBWB ***should investigate the extent to which the land surrounding existing and yet-to-be-developed reservoirs could be protected from future development, privatization, and in the case of Crown Land, from lease arrangements.***

SOURCE WATER PROTECTION COMMITTEE

2019-2021

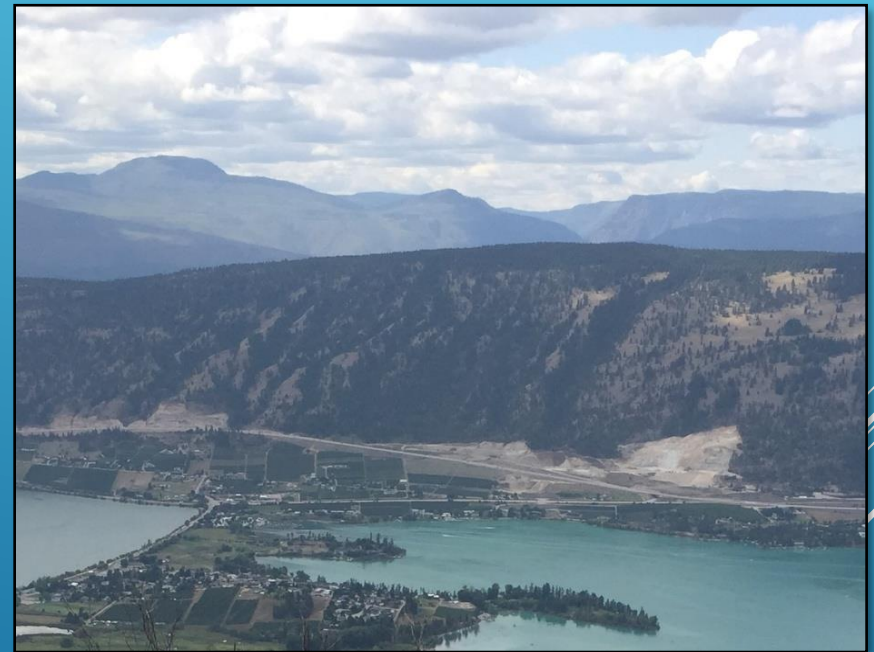


Term 9: 2019-2021

MEMBERS	
Chair: Renee Clark - Independent	Scott Smith - Eternna Consulting
Co-Chair: Marni Turek – UBCO	Patti Meger – WSA BC
Rob Birtles - Interior Health Authority	Heather Larratt - Larratt Aquatic Consulting Ltd.
Nicole Penner – Associated Environmental	Don Dobson – Dobson Consulting
Lorne Davies - BC Wildlife Federation – Region 8	Keith Duhaime – OK College

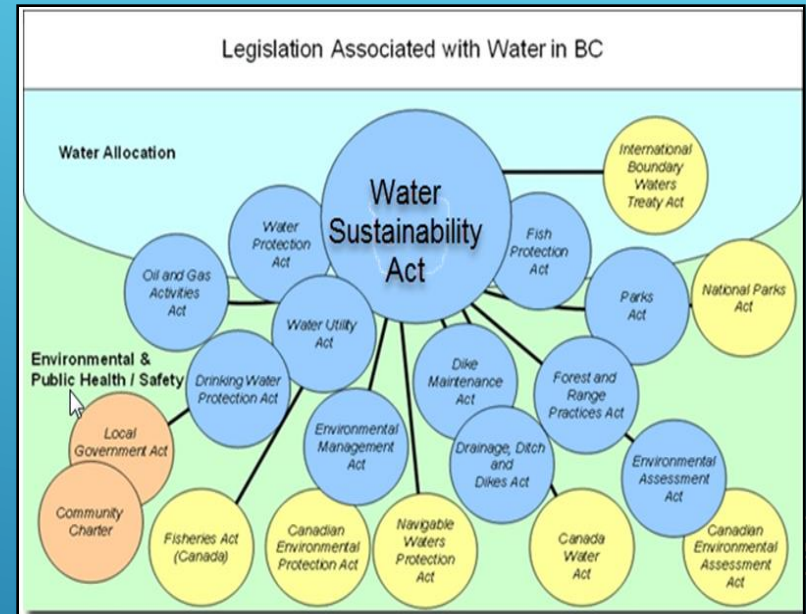
INTRODUCTION

- ▶ The SWPC active in Term 8 and 9.
- ▶ Source Water Protection is complicated and complex.
- ▶ Land use impacts the water quality and quantity.
- ▶ Increased cumulative impacts.



ISSUES

- ▶ In BC ~ **23 different pieces of legislation** with **eight ministries** that have responsibilities for protecting water.
- ▶ Local governments (Municipal and Regional) can set **policy** and **bylaws** to protect water
- ▶ **Lack** of coordination and accountability.
- ▶ **Lack** of leadership.
- ▶ **Lack** of resources – people and dollars
- ▶ **Reactive not proactive**



OUTCOMES

► Source Protection Tool Kit

OBWB staff, Kelly Garcia, led this project. SWPC provided input for the Technical Advisory Committee. Phase 1- development is near completion. Phase 2 funding for implementation is secured.

► Position Paper

Complete and presented to the WSC in December and to the OBWB Directors in April.

A recommendation to advocate for Source Water Protection in BC and 4 Key Actions.



OUTLOOK

- ▶ A creation of a Watershed Security Strategy and Fund is anticipated for 2021
- ▶ OBWB needs to continue advocating for Source Water Protection in the Okanagan and BC
- ▶ Assign an OBWB representative to report on progress of Watershed Security and Fund. Advocate for implementation.

