



#### **Presentation Outline**

- 1. Introduction and who is Innergex
- 2. Run-of-River Hydro 101
- 3. Water Measurement Techniques
- 4. Operational monitoring and compliance (flow and 'IFR')
- 5. Operational monitoring and compliance (fish and fish habitat)

## Who is Innergex Renewable Energy?

- A Canadian company that develops and operates renewable electricity projects (hydro, wind, solar)
- Founded in Quebec in 1990
- Innergex operates facilities in Canada, USA, Chile,
  France and Iceland
- 21 run-of-river hydro power plants operating in BC
- Sustainability and a special emphasis on local partnerships
- Place high value on First Nation relationships

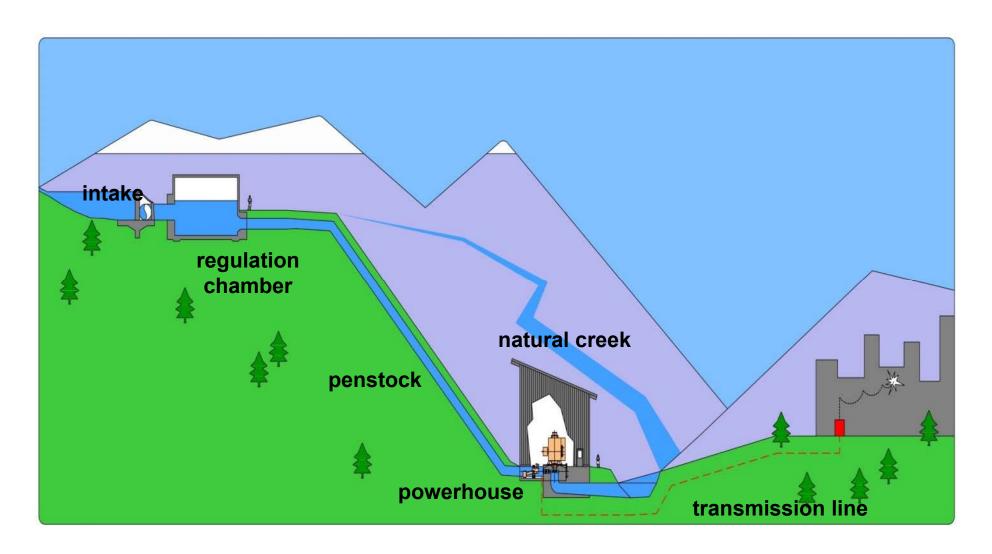








# **Typical Run-of-River Hydro Project**

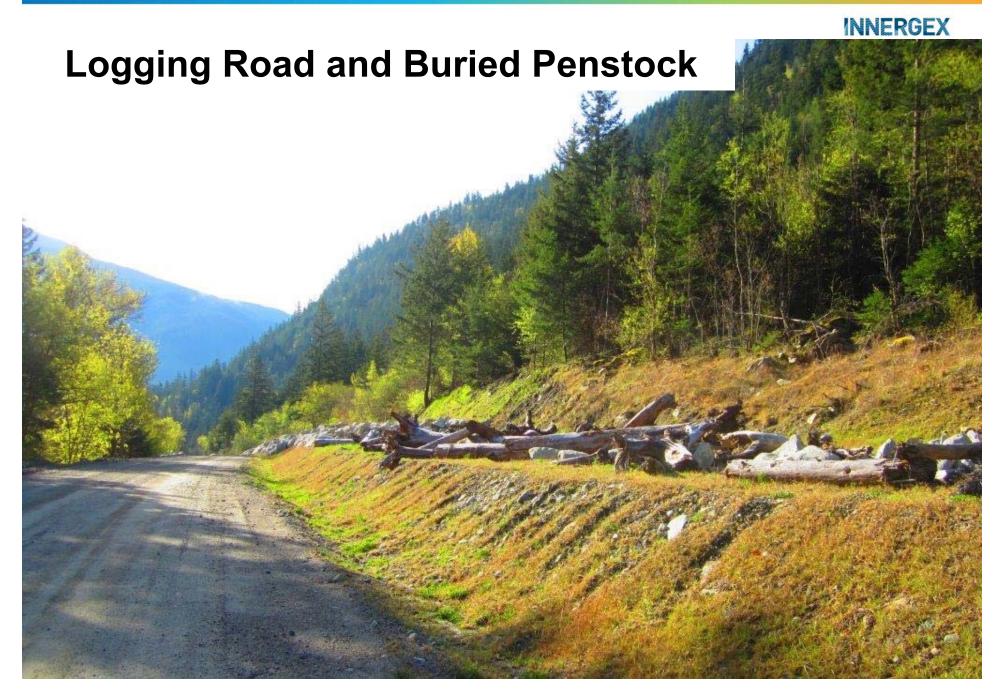


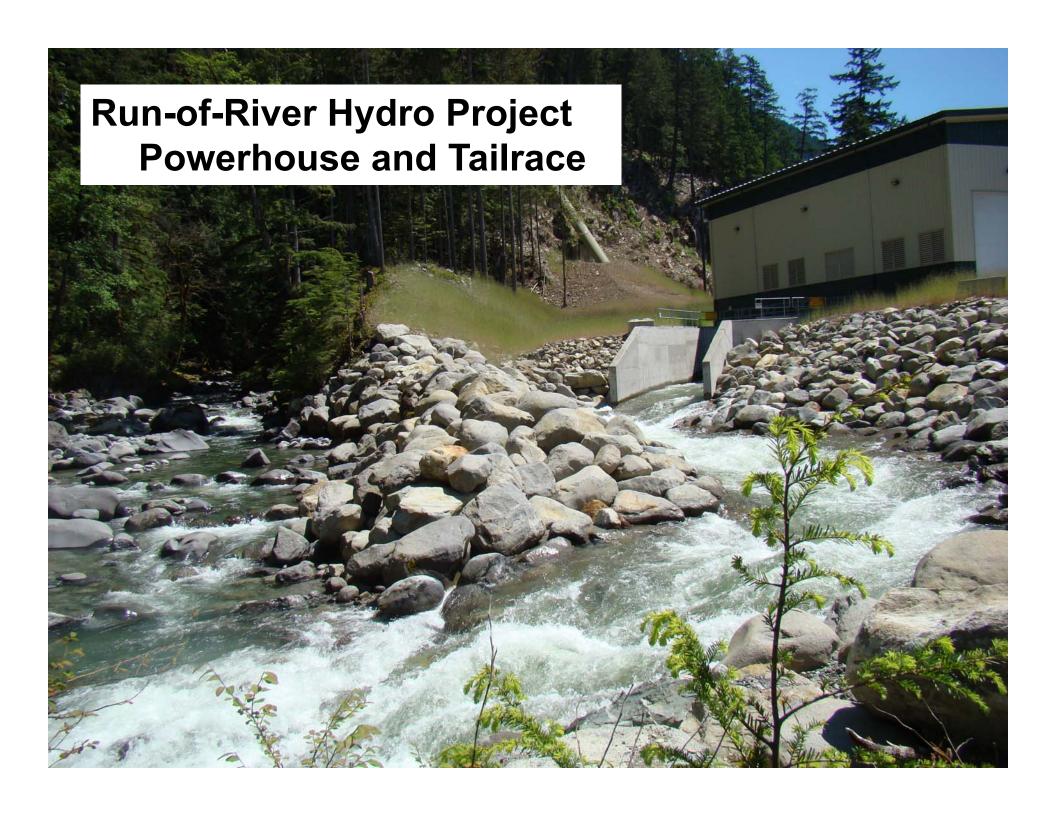
# **Run-of-River Hydro Intake Facility**



# **Penstock Construction**



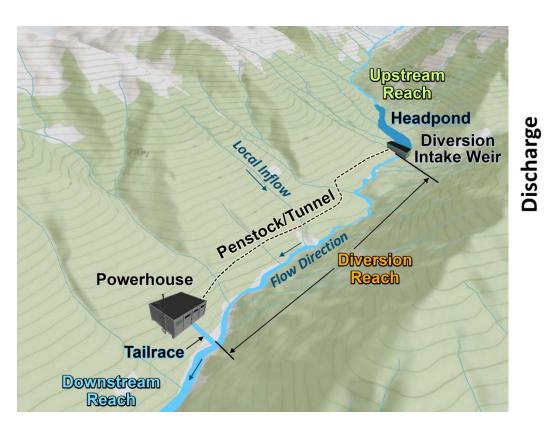


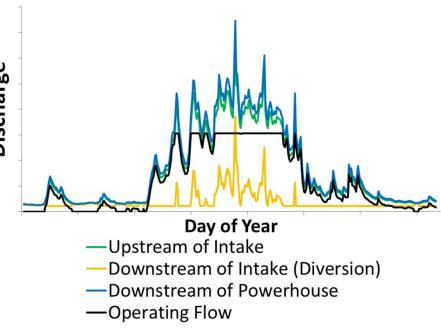






# **Run-Of-River Hydrology**





13/09/2018



#### **Conditional Water Licence**

- Issued under the BC Water Sustainability Act
- Strictly governs water use for hydroelectricity production
- Maximum diversion (m³/s)



- Minimum instream flow (IFR) (m<sup>3</sup>/s)
- Ramping rates
- Monitoring requirements
  - Typically 5 years; fish and fish habitat water quality, inverts, ducks, re-veg.

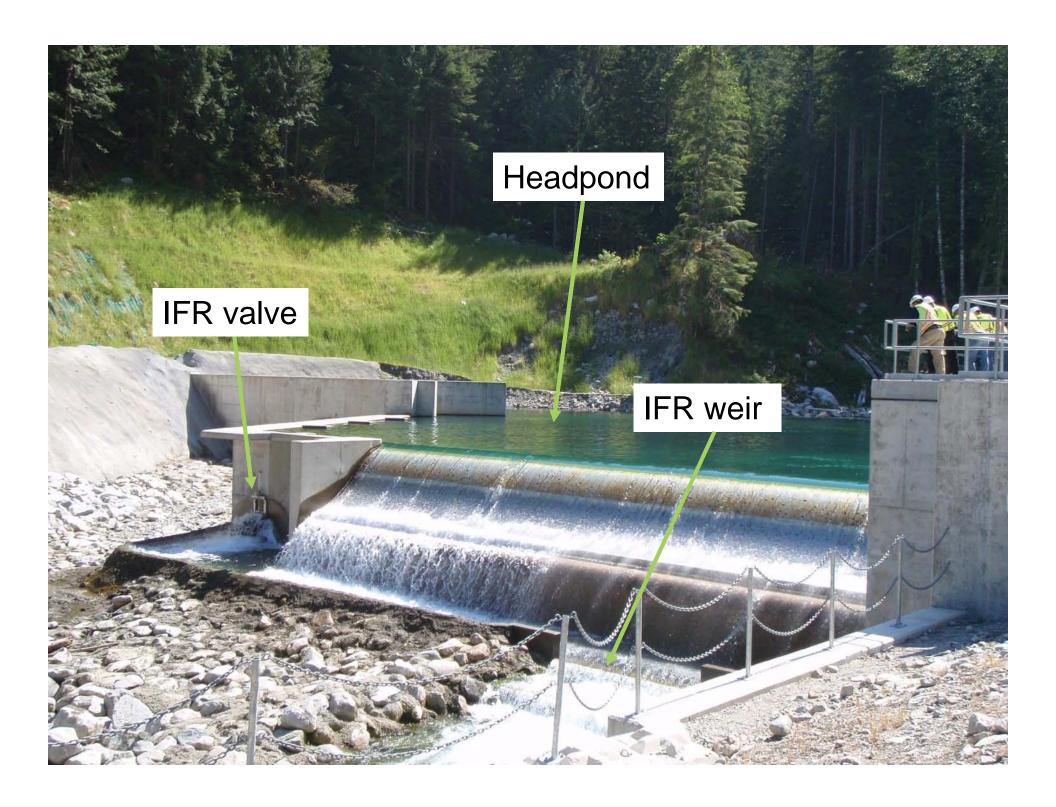
# **Stream Discharge Measurement – Manual Method**





# **Hydrometric Gauge Installation**



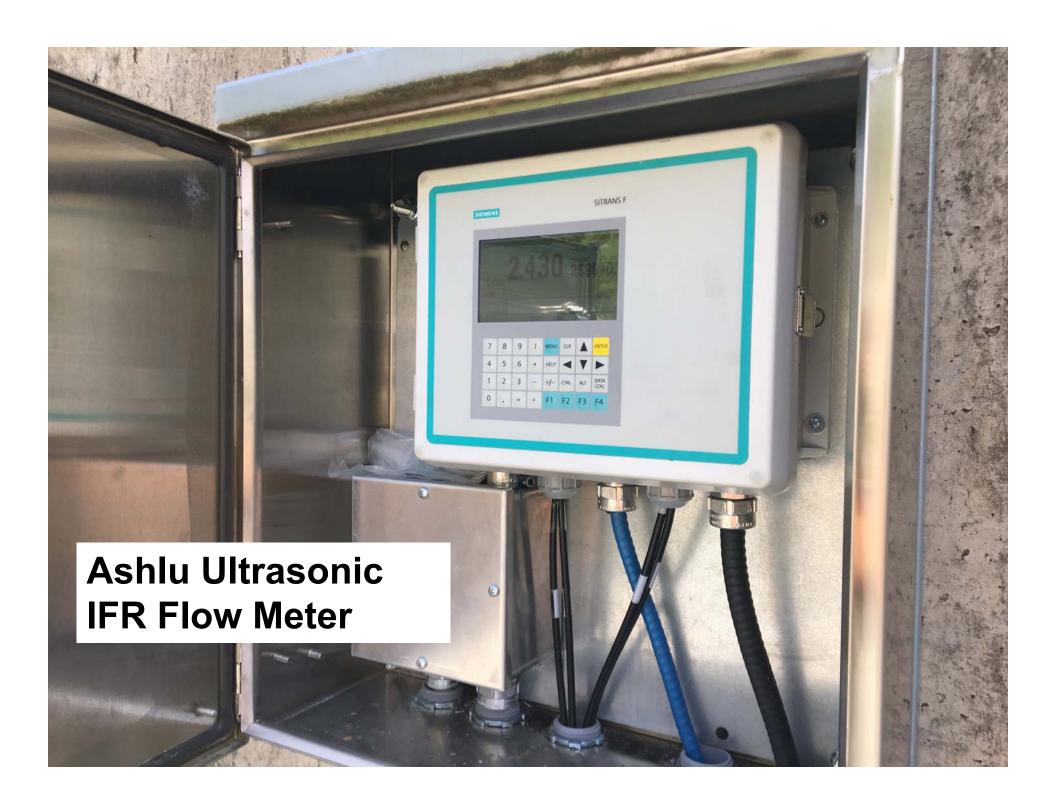












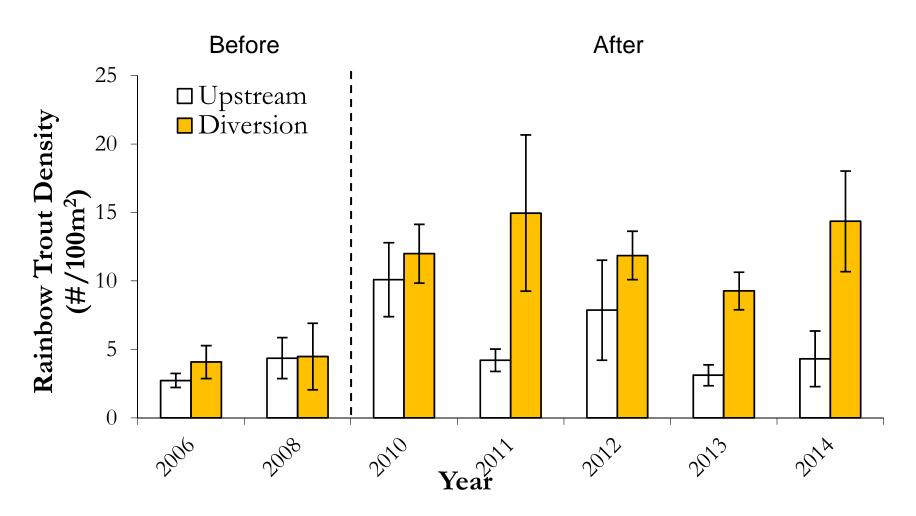


## Fish Monitoring Results at Innergex Hydro Sites in BC

- Completed 5-year monitoring at 10+ of BC hydro projects
- Central focus of studies was fish and fish habitat
- Predictions during EA were for <u>reduction in fish habitat</u> in the 'diversion reach' at many sites (and <u>reduction in</u> fish abundance)



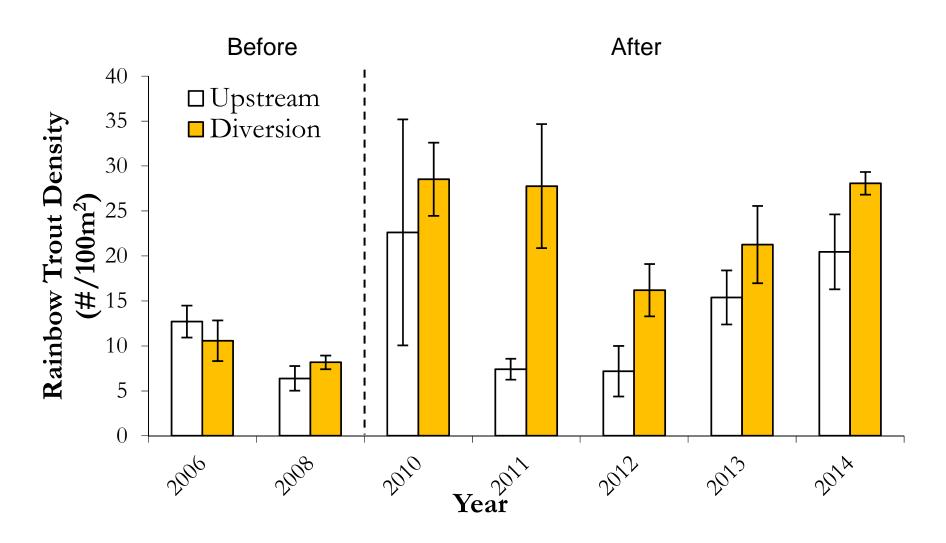
### 5-Years of Monitoring Douglas Creek Rainbow Trout



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## 5-Years of Monitoring Fire Creek Rainbow Trout



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## Fish Monitoring Results at Innergex Hydro Sites in BC

- Predictions during EA were for <u>reduction in fish habitat</u> in the 'diversion reach' at many of our sites (and <u>reduced</u> fish abund.)
- 5 year monitoring studies found the contrary increased abundance
- Potential driving factor?
  - Very steep, cold mountain rivers, difficult habitat conditions
  - Lower river flows → calmer conditions → higher fry survival

